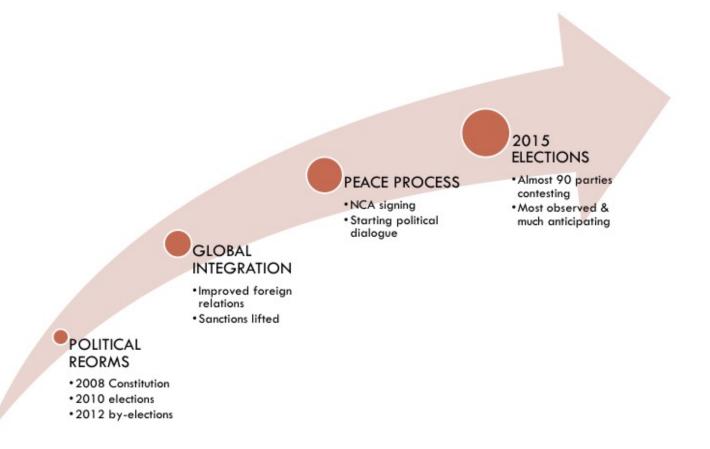
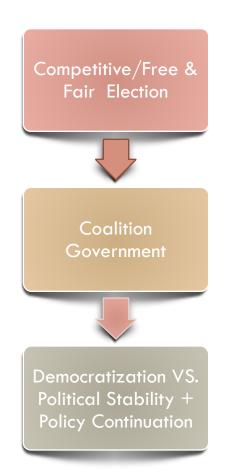
ECONOMIC AND POLITICAL STRATEGIES FOR DEVELOPMENT OF MYANMAR



ENCOURAGING POLITICAL REFORMS



POLITICAL LANDSCAPE AFTER 2015 ELECTION



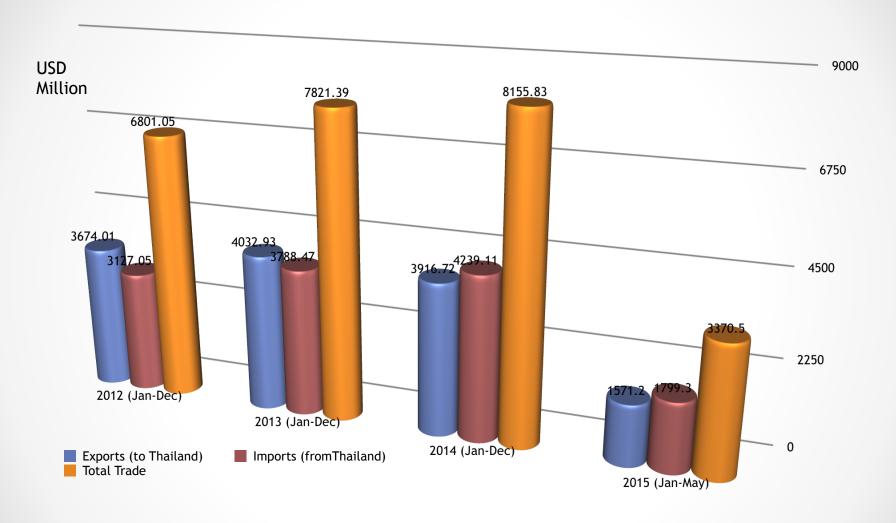


CURRENT THAILAND'S ECONOMIC STATUS IN MYANMAR

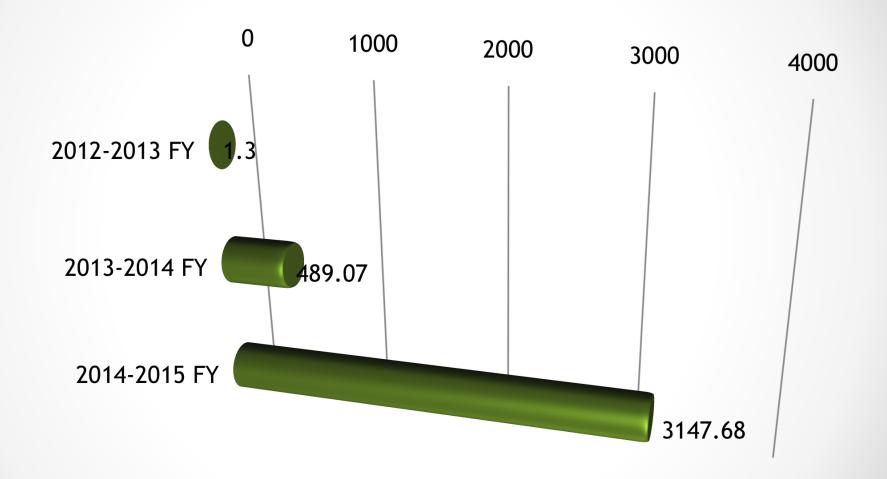
- 2nd largest trading partner (after China)
- Rank No.6 existing enterprises

No	Country	Number of Enterprise	Amount in USD Million
1	China	75	14,634.53
2	Singapore	127	9,912.19
3	Hong Kong	88	7,080.44
4	United Kingdom	48	3,400.45
5	Republic of Korea	104	3,303.28
6	Thailand	49	3,149.92
7	Malaysia	24	1,060.02
8	The Netherland	10	747.491
9	India	20	723.189
10	Viet Nam	8	688.586

Trade between Myanmar and Thailand



Source: Ministry of Commerce, Thailand



ECONOMIC REFORMS

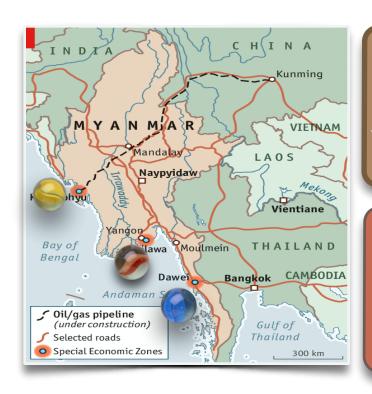
Welcome more FDI

Modernized trade and investment regulations

New monetary and financial system

Privatization

ECONOMIC PROJECTION



- By 2030, Myanmar's economy will be four times bigger (McKinsey)
- FDI will expand by about 14 % yearly in the next 15 years

- Myanmar becomes manufacturing hubs
- Linkage between Asia-Pacific and Indian Subcontinent

MYANMAR'S ECONOMY TODAY



Leapfrogging
Growth with average
GDP growth of 8
percent per annum



BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

Related to
National
Development
Policy/Strategy

- Infrastructure
- Energy
- Communication and ICT
- Agriculture and agro-industry





- Thilawa
- Dawei



Coming up from reform process

- Accommodation
- Hospitality and services
- Consumer goods & manufactured products
- Technology
- Medical care and beauty



ECONOMIC AND POLITICAL STRATEGIES FOR DEVELOPMENT OF MYANMAR

